

**YB1 (YBX1) Antibody (N-term)**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP6295a****Specification**

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**YB1 (YBX1) Antibody (N-term) - Product Information**

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P67809</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P21574</a> , <a href="#">Q62764</a> , <a href="#">Q9JKB3</a> , <a href="#">P16989</a> , <a href="#">Q9Z2C8</a> , <a href="#">Q9Y2T7</a> , <a href="#">P21573</a> , <a href="#">P62961</a> , <a href="#">Q28618</a> , <a href="#">P62960</a> , <a href="#">Q06066</a> , <a href="#">P67808</a> , <a href="#">Q00436</a> , <a href="#">B5DE31</a>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Xenopus, Bovine, Chicken, Zebrafish, Mouse, Rabbit, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	35924
Antigen Region	58-87

**YB1 (YBX1) Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 4904**Other Names**

Nuclease-sensitive element-binding protein 1, CCAAT-binding transcription factor I subunit A, CBF-A, DNA-binding protein B, DBPB, Enhancer factor I subunit A, EFl-A, Y-box transcription factor, Y-box-binding protein 1, YB-1, YBX1, NSEP1, YB1

**Target/Specificity**

This YB1 (YBX1) antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 58-87 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human YB1 (YBX1).

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

YB1 (YBX1) Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## YB1 (YBX1) Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

**Name** YBX1 ([HGNC:8014](#))

**Function** DNA- and RNA-binding protein involved in various processes, such as translational repression, RNA stabilization, mRNA splicing, DNA repair and transcription regulation (PubMed:[10817758](#), PubMed:[11698476](#), PubMed:[14718551](#), PubMed:[18809583](#), PubMed:[31358969](#), PubMed:[8188694](#)). Predominantly acts as a RNA-binding protein: binds preferentially to the 5'-[CU]CUGCG-3' RNA motif and specifically recognizes mRNA transcripts modified by C5-methylcytosine (m5C) (PubMed:[19561594](#), PubMed:[31358969](#)). Promotes mRNA stabilization: acts by binding to m5C- containing mRNAs and recruiting the mRNA stability maintainer ELAVL1, thereby preventing mRNA decay (PubMed:[10817758](#), PubMed:[11698476](#), PubMed:[31358969](#)). Component of the CRD-mediated complex that promotes MYC mRNA stability (PubMed:[19029303](#)). Contributes to the regulation of translation by modulating the interaction between the mRNA and eukaryotic initiation factors (By similarity). Plays a key role in RNA composition of extracellular exosomes by defining the sorting of small non-coding RNAs, such as tRNAs, Y RNAs, Vault RNAs and miRNAs (PubMed:[27559612](#), PubMed:[29073095](#)). Probably sorts RNAs in exosomes by recognizing and binding C5-methylcytosine (m5C)-containing RNAs (PubMed:[28341602](#), PubMed:[29073095](#)). Acts as a key effector of epidermal progenitors by preventing epidermal progenitor senescence: acts by regulating the translation of a senescence-associated subset of cytokine mRNAs, possibly by binding to m5C-containing mRNAs (PubMed:[29712925](#)). Also involved in pre-mRNA alternative splicing regulation: binds to splice sites in pre-mRNA and regulates splice site selection (PubMed:[12604611](#)). Binds to TSC22D1 transcripts, thereby inhibiting their translation and negatively regulating TGF-beta- mediated transcription of COL1A2 (By similarity). Also able to bind DNA: regulates transcription of the multidrug resistance gene MDR1 is enhanced in presence of the APEX1 acetylated form at 'Lys-6' and 'Lys- 7' (PubMed:[18809583](#)). Binds to promoters that contain a Y-box (5'- CTGATTGGCCAA-3'), such as MDR1 and HLA class II genes (PubMed:[18809583](#), PubMed:[8188694](#)). Promotes separation of DNA strands that contain mismatches or are modified by cisplatin (PubMed:[14718551](#)). Has endonucleolytic activity and can introduce nicks or breaks into double- stranded DNA, suggesting a role in DNA repair (PubMed:[14718551](#)). The secreted form acts as an extracellular mitogen and stimulates cell migration and proliferation (PubMed:[19483673](#)).

### Cellular Location

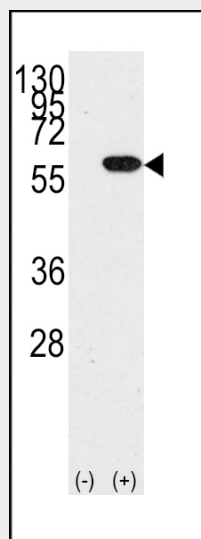
Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cytoplasmic granule. Secreted. Secreted, extracellular exosome. Cytoplasm, P-body {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P62960}. Note=Predominantly cytoplasmic in proliferating cells (PubMed:[12604611](#)). Cytotoxic stress and DNA damage enhance translocation to the nucleus (PubMed:[14718551](#)) Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs (PubMed:[25229427](#)). Shuttles between nucleus and cytoplasm (PubMed:[25229427](#)). Localized with DDX1, MBNL1 and TIAL1 in stress granules upon stress (PubMed:[18335541](#)). Secreted by mesangial and monocytic cells after inflammatory challenges (PubMed:[19483673](#))

## YB1 (YBX1) Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

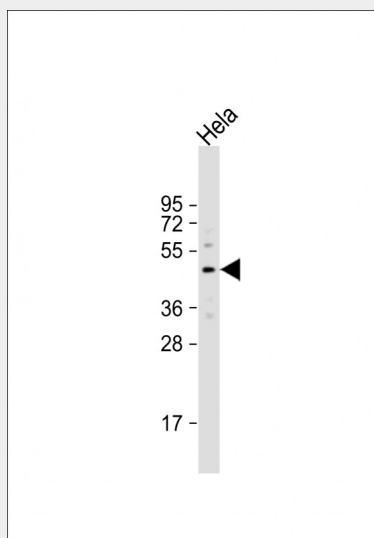
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## YB1 (YBX1) Antibody (N-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of YBX1 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal YBX1 Antibody (N-term) (RB14116). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the YBX1 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).



Anti-YBX1 Antibody (N-term) at 1:1000 dilution + HeLa whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 36 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDm/TBST.

#### **YB1 (YBX1) Antibody (N-term) - Background**

YBX1 binds to splice sites in pre-mRNA and regulates splice site selection. This protein binds and stabilizes cytoplasmic mRNA and contributes to the regulation of translation by modulating the interaction between the mRNA and eukaryotic initiation factors. It binds to promoters that contain a Y-box (5'-CTGATTGGCCAA-3'), such as HLA class II genes. It regulates the transcription of numerous genes and promotes separation of DNA strands that contain mismatches or are modified by cisplatin. It has endonucleolytic activity and can introduce nicks or breaks into double-stranded DNA (in vitro), and it may play a role in DNA repair.

#### **YB1 (YBX1) Antibody (N-term) - References**

Fujii,T., Cancer Res. 68 (5), 1504-1512 (2008)  
Fraser,D.J., Kidney Int. 73 (6), 724-732 (2008)  
Shiota,M., Cancer Res. 68 (1), 98-105 (2008)